TEACHERS' PAY BILLS VETOED BY MITCHEL

Relief From Discrimination Promised Through Investi-

One Transfers Water Supply Police to the City Department.

Mayor Mitchel has approved fifteen and vetoed eight of the bills affecting this city which the Legislature passed. Among those vetoed are the Boylan and Foley bills raising the pay of teachers. One which he signed increases the police traffic squad from 500 to 1,000 men, and another permits the special policemen of the aqueduct watershed to become patrolmen in the New York Police Department.

In vetoing the Boylan bill, which would raise the first year pay of all teachers in the elementary grades from \$720 to \$900. the salary which men teachers got before the equal pay law became effective, the Mayor says he is informed by the Board of Education that the bill would add more than \$3,000,000 to the city's budget. He promises relief through an investigating committee for teachers who have been

of the teachers who have been discriminated against. He says:

"It is hoped by this method the minds of the teachers will be set at rest so that their attention will be focussed on their class work instead of on mandatory legislation calling for increases of salary." He gives these four reasons for vetoing the Boylan bill:

Violates Home Rule Principles.

"1. That the plan of the bill drawn in its mandatory form violates the prin-

ciples of home rule.
"2. That the Board of Education now has the power to deal with this situation without legislation if there be a real accessity therefor. If it be determined that power is not at present vested in the Board of Education to accomplish neces-eary results, permissive bills will be drawn and presented at the next Legis-

lature.

"3. I have conferred with the members of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment and the Board of Education, and we have agreed that the educational committee of the Board of Estimate shall cooperate with a committee of the Board of Education, to be chosen by that board, in the preparation of a revised list of salaries for the teaching staff, due consideration being given, however, to the resulting increase in the budget. It is hoped that this joint committee will be able before the next regular session of the Legislature to next regular session of the Legislature to present a plan to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment and the Board of Education that will be acceptable to both bodies and that will afford relief to those teachers who may have been discriminated

To Look Into Teachers' Salarfes. "4. Seeking aid at Albany creates an unsettled condition in the minds of the teachers. I have therefore suggested this plan of a joint committee to investigate the salary schedules and recommend such alterations as the budget will be able to have at the present time."

bear at the present time."

As to the Foley bill, which would give As to the Foley bill, which would give women teachers in the seventh and eighth grades the same salaries that men teachers got before the adoption of the equal pay schedules, the Mayor points out that the teachers say it would add only \$340.000 to the budget, whereas the estimate of the auditor of the Board of Education is between \$1.100,000 and \$1.308,000.

"Would a prudent business manager embark on any scheme where the estimates of probable cost vary to such an extent, and furthermore without any apparent impeachment of the motives of the people who have submitted these estimates?" aske the Manager of the seventh and such as the submitted these estimates?"

people who have submitted these esti-mates?" asks the Mayor. He vetoes the the same reason he vetoed the Boylan bill, and because "of the great addition to the budget the acceptance of this bill would require."

He also disapproved the bill of Senator He also disapproved the bill of Senator Carswell providing for an advisory board of fifteen members to approve school text books. At present the text books are recommended by the Board of Superintendents to a committee of the Board of Education. The Mayor says: "It may be that a better plan than the present one could be devised, but I do not think the one proposed in this bill will insure any one proposed in this bill will insure any better conditions than the present method." The Board of Education opposed the bill.

Bills Approved by Mayor. Here are the bills approved by the

Senate bill No. 277, transferring the Board of Water Supply police to the Police De-

partment. "The objection was made at the public hearing on this bill that different physical tests were prescribed for regular policemen and the police force of the Board of Water Supply. An executive order, however, requiring the Police Commissioner to prescribe physical tests in each case before he give his consent of transfer will meet this objection. I have decided to issue such an city."

Senate bill No.

city."
Senate bill No. 1567, providing for the deposit of \$100 pending appeal in abandonment proceedings.
Senate bill No. 1573, providing for the deposit of cash bad in abandonment proceedings.

Senate bill No. 1573, providing for the deposit of cash bail in abandonment proceedings.

Senate bill No. 594, providing that arrests made in The Bronx are to be taken care of in the night court.

Senate bill No. 1386, companion bill to No. 1567, providing that a magistrate may take cash bail in abandonment proceedings. Senate bill No. 1655—Comptroller is to include the new county of The Bronx in his statement to the Board of Aldermen, showing amounts necessary to be raised by taxation.

tion.

Senate bill No. 1054—Comptroller is to include the county of The Bronx in his statement to the Board of Aldermen, showing the necessary salaries that are to be raised for county officials.

Summons for Factory Violaters.

Senate bill No. 1209, permitting the serving of a summons instead of making an arrest for violations of the Fire Department rules in factories.

Senate bill No. 1556, providing for the registration of births where the physician or midwife has died and giving discretionary powers to the Commissioner of Health.

Senate bill No. 1220, authorizing the Chamberlain to pay into the city treasury sums now in his custody arising out of appropriations made by the Board of Supervisors of the county of New York.

Senate bill No. 1422, allowing the Department of Parks to give vacations to their employees in other months than June, July, August and September.

Senate bill No. 1544, raising the traffic squad from 100 on 1000 men.

Assembly bill No. 1541, placing the Census Bureau under the jurisdiction of the Board of Education. The control is now vested in a board consisting of the Mayor, the City Superintendent and the Police Commissioner.

the City Superintendent and the Police Commissioner.

Assembly bill No. 1137, providing for the
issuance of notes by the Comptroller in
anticipation of tax levies.

Assembly bill No. 1511, providing that the
Water Board may establish rules and regulations for the protection of the bridges and
Posds constructed by it.

The velocid bills, in addition to those
already mentioned, are: Already mentioned, are:

Already mentioned, are:

Senate bill No. 1984, providing for the division of local assessments into twenty parts under certain conditions. At present the assessment may be divided into ten for the assessment may be divided into ten for the ten for the assessment may be divided into ten for the assessment may be divided into ten for the assessment may be division into twenty parts would unduly impair the city's borrowing capacity.

Senate bill No. 1510, making certain charges in favor of companies oners of deeds, including waiving the 25 cent fee.

Senate bill No. 304, relieving the property paners who were assessed for the park at East Eighty-stath areas.

Senate bill No. 1104, known as the No. 1104 capabil, companion bill to the one previously version by the Mayor, known as the McCue bill.

Assembly bill No. 1572, compening the

TO SPEAK BY MUSOLAPHONE.

Board of Education to consider the size of achools when fixing teachers' salaries. The Mayor says if such legislation seems necessary a permissive bill will be drawn.

The bills which the Mayor has vetoed are dead, while those which he has approved go to Gov. Glynn for his approval or disapproval. About thirty more bills remain to be acted upon by the Mayor this week. Device Will Carry Talk at Womes Teachers' Reception.

Trust Company of Brooklyn will be tried in the equity term of the Supreme Court on April 20 under an order signed by Justice Blackmar.

Teachers' Reception.

The deight annual reception of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers and Suprementation of Women Teachers and Suprement Suprement

quadrille and the Gammal polka, will be given, the dancers, many of whom are members of the association, wearing Swedish consumes. The folk dances will be followed by demonstrations of modern dances. The Venetian furlana and the Pavlowa gavotte will be danced by Miss Anna Tormey and Dana Clark, the maxixe and onestep by Miss Margaret Chapin and Jack Sloan and the hesitation and half-and-half by Miss Evelyn Kingsley and Gerard Garner-Smith.

then be made by Gov. Glynn, Mayor Mitchel, President Churchill of the Board of Education and Miss Grace Strachan, president of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers. Supper will be served in the Astor Gal-

ESTATE GOES TO DAUGHTERS.

Withheld Because of Debt.

port in the Supreme Court. It shows total assets of \$184,890 collected by Mr. Mc-Avoy. Of this amount \$140,000 was received from the sale of the property at 14 West Broadway and 70 Barclay street, where Mr. Montanye operated the Liscomb spice mill.

The report shows that of three of William H., only one, George E. Montanye, is still alive. He is a Railway Company Gerk. Under father's will Mr. Montanye would refer to the control of t Withheld Because of Debt.

Augustus Van Wyck, appointed referee to hear a final accounting of the acts of Francis S. McAvoy, as trustee under the will of William H. Montanya, a spice merchant and member of the Seventh Regiment, who died in 1896, has filed his report in the Supreme Court. It shows total assets of \$184,890 collected by Mr. McAvoy. Of this amount \$140,000 was received from the sale of the property at 14 West Broadway and 70 Barclay street, where Mr. Montanye operated the Lister of the new of the sale of the property at 14 West Broadway and 70 Barclay street, where Mr. Montanye, one of the of Lewis F. Montanye, one of the

Erland \$950

\$1075 With electric starter and generator.

The Mechanical Construction of This— The World's Greatest Motor Car Value— Could Not be a Bit Finer

THE fundamental construction of the Overland could not be a whit better. To be sure it could be made more extravagantly and more richly, but that does not necessarily insure a more practical service.

A \$1000 dining-room set might be more elaborate than a \$250 dining-room set, but the \$250 dining-room set is just as substantial; just as lasting; just as serviceable; just as beautiful; just as ornamental, and, in most cases, is 1000% more practical.

The Overland motor is the same in principle, design, action and fundamental construction as the motor used in the \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000 cars!

The Overland frame is of open-hearth steel, identical with that used in the \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000 cars!

The Overland steering knuckle bolt is of 3½% nickel steel, just the same as those used in the \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000

The Overland drive pinion is of 31/2% nickel steel, the same as used in the \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000 cars!

The Overland live axle, which is the driving shaft of the rear axle, is of Chrome nickel steel, the same as used in the \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000 cars!

The Overland front axle, a one-piece drop-forging, is the same as used in the \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000 cars! The Overland steering knuckle is the same as that

The Overland radiator in quality is the same as used in one of the most prominent \$4000 cars!

The Overland fenders, in quality and material, are the

same as used on the \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000 cars! We use more aluminum, on larger and more important parts, than any other manufacturer in the world. Where others, and often makers of \$5000 cars, use cast iron

at 3c per pound we use aluminum at 28c per pound! Each separate Overland test and inspection for quality of material and accuracy of machining is far more thorough than the methods used by manufacturers of \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000 cars.

Each Overland chemical laboratory test, to determine the analysis of each piece of steel used in the construction of the Overland is far more thorough than the methods used by manufacturers of \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000 cars.

A miscroscopic and detailed dissection of high priced cars proves that fundamentally the Overland is as high in quality and as carefully manufactured as the most expensive cars made.

The significance of these facts should mean much to those who expect to buy a car. A practical demonstration will mean a great deal more.

Telephone the Overland dealer and make your appointment as early as possible.

used in the \$3000, \$4000 and \$5000 cars! T. SILVER MOTOR COMPANY, Distributors

1760 BROADWAY, Bet. 56th & 57th Streets

The Willys-Overland Company, Toledo, Ohio

